

### 3 Stay alert to possible signs and symptoms of the different forms of abuse

**Abuse** is intentionally causing pain, suffering, and/or injury to a vulnerable adult. Abuse can be physical, mental or sexual. Signs include:

- Unexplained injuries or behavior.
- Vulnerable adult appears afraid of a person or certain situations.
- Vulnerable adult is kept isolated from others.
- Vulnerable adult reports abuse.

**Abandonment** is when a person who has responsibility for providing care to a vulnerable adult deserts or leaves him/her without basic life necessities. Signs include:

- The vulnerable adult is deserted in their home.
- The vulnerable adult reports being abandoned.

**Neglect** is refusing or failing to provide a vulnerable adult with basic life necessities or not taking action to prevent harm or pain. **Self-neglect** is the person's own failure to maintain health and safety. Signs include:

- Sudden decline in physical appearance.
- Untreated injuries or health problems.
- Unsafe living conditions.

**Exploitation** is intentionally taking advantage of a vulnerable adult either personally or financially. Signs include:

- Disappearance of possessions or property.
- Sudden transfer of money, unauthorized use of bankcards, and/or forged signature on checks.
- Undue influence or coercion.

### 4 Report suspected abuse immediately

#### When must you report?

Report immediately to DSHS if you have **reasonable cause** to believe that a vulnerable adult is being harmed. You do not need proof of that harm.

#### Who do you call to report?

The number to call depends on where the person you suspect is being harmed lives, who may be doing the harm, and whether you are a mandatory reporter.

#### Adult Protective Services (APS) Reporting Numbers

To report suspected abuse of a person **living in their own home or apartment**, call the Adult Protective Services (APS) regional reporting number in the county where/he she lives.

##### Region 1

Spokane, Grant, Okanogan, Adams, Chelan, Douglas, Lincoln, Ferry, Stevens, Whitman, and Pend Oreille Counties

**1-800-459-0421 (TTY) 509-568-3086**

##### Region 2

Yakima, Kittitas, Benton, Franklin, Walla Walla, Columbia, Garfield, and Asotin Counties

**1-877-389-3013 (TTY) 1-800-973-5456**

##### Region 3

Snohomish, Skagit, Island, San Juan, and Whatcom Counties

**1-800-487-0416 (TTY) 1-800-843-8058**

##### Region 4

King County

**1-866-221-4909 (TTY) 1-800-977-5456**

##### Region 5

Pierce County

**1-800-442-5129 (TTY) 1-800-688-1165**

Kitsap County

**1-888-833-4925 (TTY) 1-800-688-1169**

##### Region 6

Thurston, Mason, Lewis, Clallam, Jefferson, Grays Harbor, Pacific, Wahkiakum, Cowlitz, Skamania, Klickitat, and Clark Counties

**1-877-734-6277 (TTY) 1-800-672-7091**



#### Complaint Resolution Unit (CRU) Reporting Number

To report suspected abuse of a person **living in an adult family home, boarding home, or nursing home**, call the CRU reporting number.

**1-800-562-6078 (TTY) 1-800-737-7931**

*If you think someone may be in danger or needs urgent help, call 911 immediately!*



#### Mandatory Reporter Responsibilities

- Mandatory reporters are required by law to report suspected abuse.
- Report immediately if you have reasonable cause to believe that a vulnerable adult is being harmed. You do not need proof of that harm.
- Report suspected physical or sexual assault to **both** law enforcement and DSHS.\*

\* For further information about reporting actions between vulnerable adults, see RCW 74.34.035.

#### General Public Vulnerable Adult Abuse Reporting Number

You do **not** have to be a mandatory reporter to report suspected abuse of a vulnerable adult or child. If you are a concerned citizen and suspect a vulnerable adult is being harmed, call:



**1-800-737-7931/Voice/TTY**

*It is the policy of the Department of Social and Health Services that no person, because of race, color, national origin, sex, age, religion, creed, or disability, shall be discriminated against in any aspect of program activities.*

## Frequently Asked Questions

### What will I be asked?

When you report, you will be asked:

- To tell what you know about the situation;
- For contact information of the vulnerable adult, the person you think is causing the harm, and yourself;
- For the names and telephone numbers of other people who can provide information about the situation;
- If you know of any safety concerns.

### What happens after I report?

- The vulnerable adult is interviewed in private.
- Protective services may be offered in the least restrictive environment available and appropriate to the needs of the vulnerable adult.
- The vulnerable adult must consent to services and be informed of the right to refuse or withdraw from services. DSHS cannot remove adults from where they live or place them in a different residence against their wishes.
- DSHS will report suspected crimes to law enforcement.

### What else is important to know?

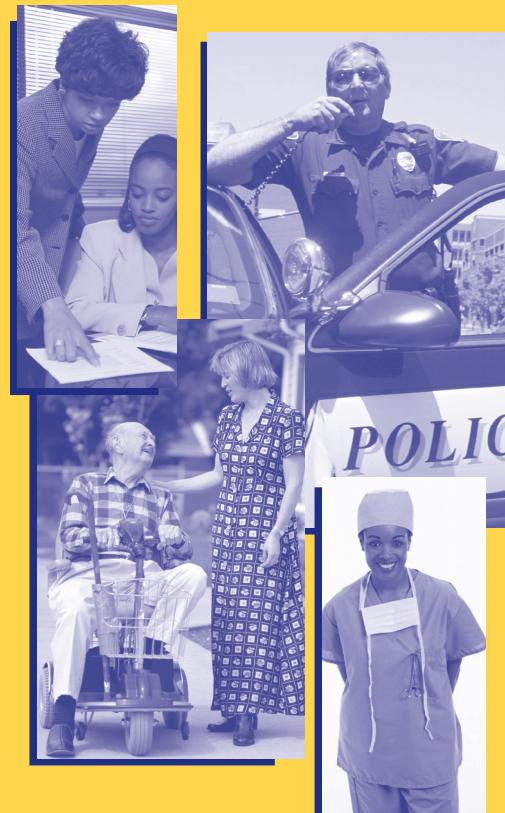
- If you report in good faith, you have immunity from liability.
- Your name and information about the vulnerable adult is confidential (public disclosure or other state and federal regulations may apply).

### Where can I get more information?

Visit [www.adsa.dhs.wa.gov](http://www.adsa.dhs.wa.gov) for more information about adult abuse and prevention and additional resources and programs to support vulnerable adults.

**Ordering Publications:** You may order this brochure and other DSHS publications through the Department of Printing's (DOP) General Store. Go to the DOP website at: [www.prt.wa.gov](http://www.prt.wa.gov).

# Partners in Protection



## A Guide for Reporting Vulnerable Adult Abuse



Washington State  
Department of Social  
& Health Services  
**ADSA** Aging & Disability  
Services Administration



### Abuse of vulnerable adults happens more often than any of us would like to admit.

Abuse happens to men and women from all ethnic backgrounds, social positions and crosses all economic boundaries. In many cases, the abuser is a family member, spouse, friend, or caregiver. Abuse takes place in a private home as well as facilities.

For every case of abuse reported, statistics point to as many as **four cases that go unreported**. This means the majority of vulnerable adults being harmed continue to suffer - often without any way of getting help.

### 2 Know who is considered a vulnerable adult

Any adult 60 years or older who cannot take care of him or herself is considered a vulnerable adult. Other adults considered vulnerable are 18 years or older and:

1. Know if you are considered a mandatory reporter.
2. Know who is considered a vulnerable adult.
3. Stay alert to possible signs and symptoms of the different forms of abuse.
4. Report suspected abuse immediately.

### 1 Know if you are a mandatory reporter

By law, you are a mandatory reporter if you are a(n):

- DSHS employee.
- Individual provider contracted to provide services to a DSHS client.
- County coroner or medical examiner.
- Employee of a facility licensed by DSHS, including boarding homes, adult family homes, nursing homes, residential habilitation centers and soldiers' homes.
- Social worker.
- Health care provider as defined in RCW 18.130, such as a doctor or nurse.
- Christian Science practitioner.
- Employee of a social service, welfare, mental health, adult day health, adult day care, home health, home care, or hospice agency.
- Law enforcement officer.
- Professional school personnel.

